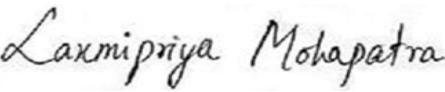


Discipline-Civil Engineering	Semester-3rd	Name of the teaching faculty:- Er.Laxmipriya Mohapatra
Subject:- Building Construction (CEPC 201)	No. of days /per week class allotted:-3	Semester From Date:14/07/2025 to 15/11/2025
		No. of weeks-15
Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics
		BUILDING MATERIALS
1st	1st	UNIT-I Overview of Building Components Classification of Buildings as per National Building Code Group A to I, as per Types of Constructions- Load Bearing Structure, Framed Structure, Composite Structure.
	2nd	Building Components – Functions of Building Components, substructure – Foundation, Plinth.
	3rd	Superstructure – Walls, Partition wall, Cavity wall, Sill, Lintel, Doors and Windows, Floor,
2nd	1st	Mezzanine floor, Roof, Columns, Beams, Parapet.
	2nd	UNIT-II Construction of Substructure Job Layout: Site Clearance, Layout for Load Bearing Structure and
	3rd	Layout for Framed Structure by Center Line and Face Line Method, Precautions.
3rd	1st	Earthwork: Excavation for Foundation, Timbering and Strutting, Earthwork for embankment, Material for plinth Filling, Tools and plants used for earthwork.
	2nd	□ Foundation: Functions of foundation,
	3rd	Types of foundation – Shallow Foundation, Stepped Footing, Wall Footing,
4th	1st	Column Footing, Isolated and Combined Column Footing, Raft Foundation, Grillage Foundation.
	2nd	Deep Foundation – Pile Foundation, Well foundation and Caissons, Pumping
	3rd	Methods of Dewatering, Deep wells, Well points, Cofferdams (Introduction only).
5th	1st	UNIT-III Construction of Superstructure Stone Masonry: Terms used in stone masonry- facing, backing, hearting, through stone, corner stone, cornice.
	2nd	Types of stone masonry: Rubble masonry, Ashlar Masonry and their types
	3rd	Joints in stone masonry and their purpose. Selection of Stone Masonry,
	1st	Precautions to be taken in Stone Masonry Construction.

6th	2nd	Brick masonry: Terms used in brick masonry- header, stretcher, closer, quoins, course,
		face, back, hearting, bat bond, joints, lap, frog line, level and plumb.
	3rd	Bonds in brick masonry- header bond, stretcher bond, English bond and Flemish bond.
		Requirements of good brick masonry. Junctions in brick masonry and their purpose and procedure.
7th	1st	Precautions to be observed in Brick Masonry Construction. Comparison between stone and Brick Masonry
	2nd	Tools and plants required for construction of stone and brick masonry. Hollow concrete block masonry and composite masonry
	3rd	Scaffolding and Shoring: Purpose, Types of Scaffolding, Process of Erection and Dismantling. Purpose and Types of Shoring,
8th	1st	Underpinning. Formwork: Definition of Formwork, Requirements of Formwork,
	2nd	Materials used in Formwork, Types of Formwork, Removal of formwork.
	3rd	UNIT-IV Building Communication and Ventilation Horizontal Communication: Doors –Components of Doors,
9th	1st	Full Paneled Doors, Part ly Paneled and Glazed Doors, Flush Doors, Collapsible Doors, Rolling Shutters, Revolving Doors, Glazed Doors. Sizes of Door recommended by BIS.
	2nd	Windows: Component of windows, Types of Windows – Full Paneled, Partly Paneled and Glazed, wooden, Steel, Aluminum windows, Sliding Windows, Louvered Window
	3rd	Bay win- dow, Corner window, clear storey window, Gable and Dormer window, Skylight. Sizes of Windows recommended by BIS. Ventilators.
10th	1st	Fixtures and fastenings for doors and windows
	2nd	Material used and functions of Window Sill and Lintels, Shed / Chajja.
	3rd	Vertical Communication: Means of Vertical Communication- Stair Case, Ramps, Lift, Elevators and Escalators. Terms used in staircase steps, tread, riser, nosing, soffit, waist slab, baluster, balustrade, scotia, hand rails,
	1st	newel post, landing, headroom, winder. Types of staircase (On the basis of shape): Straight, dog-legged, open well, Spiral, quarter turn, bifurcated, Three quarter turn and Half turn, (On the basis of Material): Stone, Brick, R.C.C., wooden and Metal.

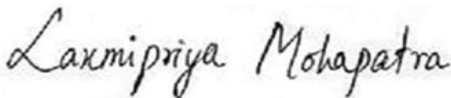
11th	2nd	UNIT-V Building Finishes Floors and Roofs: Types of Floor Finishes and its suitability- Kota, Marble, Granite, Ceramic Tiles,
	3rd	Vitrified, Chequered Tiles, Paver Blocks, Concrete Floors, wooden Flooring, Skirting and Dado
12th	1st	Process of Laying and Construction, Finishing and Polishing of Floors,
	2nd	Roofing Materials- RCC, Mangalore Tiles, AC Sheets, G.I. sheets, Corrugated G.I. Sheets, Plastic and Fibre Sheets.
	3rd	Types of Roof: Flat roof, Pitched RoofKing Post truss, Queen Post Truss, terms used in roofs.
13th	1st	Wall Finishes: Plastering – Necessity of Plastering, Procedure of Plastering,
	2nd	Single Coat Plaster, Double Coat Plaster, Rough finish, Neeru Finishing and Plaster of Paris (POP).
	3rd	Special Plasters- Stucco plaster, sponge finish, pebble finish. Plaster Board and Wall Claddings. Precautions to be taken in plastering,
14th	1st	defects in plastering.
	2nd	Painting – Necessity, Types of painting and procedure of Painting.
	3rd	Painting –Necessity, Surface Preparation for painting, Methods of Application.
15th	1st	Revision Unit - I & II
	2nd	Revision Unit - III & IV
	3rd	Revision Unit - V
		 Signature of the Faculty

Discipline: Civil Engineering	Semestar-3rd	Name Of the teaching Faculty: Manoranjan Nayak
Subject: Transportation Engineering (CEPC 203)	No. of Days/per week class allotted:3	Semestar From Date : 14/07/2025 To Date:15/11/2025
		No. Of Weeks: 15
Week	Day	Theory/Practical Topics
1st	1st	UNIT –I Overview of Highway Engineering Role of transportation in the development of nation, Scope and Importance of roads in India and its' Characteristics.
	2nd	Different modes of transportation – land way, waterway, airway.
	3rd	Merits and demerits of roadway and railway;
2nd	1st	General classification of roads.
	2nd	Selection and factors affecting road alignment.
	3rd	UNIT –II Geometric Design of Highway Camber: Definition, purpose, types as per IRC – recommendations.
3rd	1st	Kerbs: Road margin, road formation, right of way.
	2nd	Design speed and various factors affecting design speed as per IRC – recommendations.
	3rd	Gradient: Definition, types as per IRC – Recommendations.
4th	1st	Sight distance (SSD): Definition, types IRC – recommendations, simple numerical.
	2nd	Sight distance (SSD): Definition, types IRC – recommendations, simple numerical.
	3rd	Curves: Necessity, types: Horizontal, vertical curves.
5th	1st	Extra widening of roads: numerical examples.
	2nd	Super elevation: Definition, formula for calculating minimum and maximum Super elevation and method of providing super-elevation.
	3rd	Standards cross-sections of national highway in embankment and cutting.
6th	1st	UNIT –III Construction of Road Pavements Types of road materials and their Tests – Test on aggregates-Flakiness and Elongation In- dex tests,
	2nd	Angularity Number test.
	3rd	test on Bitumen- penetration, Ductility,
7th	1st	Flash and Fire point test and Softening point test.
	2nd	Pavement – Definition, Types, Structural Components of pavement and their functions
	3rd	Construction of WBM road. Merits and demerits of WBM & WMM road.
8th	1st	Construction of Flexible pavement / Bituminous Road Types of Bitumen and its proper- ties, Emulsion, Cutback, Tar
	2nd	Terms used in BR-prime coat, tack coat, seal coat, Merits and Demerits of BR.

	3rd	Cement concrete road -methods of construction, Alternate and Continuous Bay Method
9th	1st	Construction joints, filler and sealers, merits and demerits of concrete roads. Types of joints.
	2nd	UNIT –IV Basics of Railway Engineering Classification of Indian Railways, zones of Indian Railways
	3rd	Permanent way: Ideal requirement
10th	1st	Components; Rail Gauge types, factors affecting selection of a gauge.
	2nd	Rail, Rail Joints - requirements, types.
	3rd	Creep of rail: causes and prevention.
11th	1st	Sleepers - functions and Requirement
	2nd	Sleeper types - concrete sleepers and their density
	3rd	Ballast - function and types, suitability.
12th	1st	Rail fixtures and fastenings – fish plate, spikes, bolts,
	2nd	keys, bearing plates, chairs-types of anchors and anti- creepers.
	3rd	UNIT - V Track geometrics, Construction and Maintenance Alignment- Factors governing rail alignment.
13th	1st	Track Cross sections – standard cross section of single and double line in cutting and embankment. Important terms-permanent land, formation width, side drains.
	2nd	Railway Track Geometrics: Gradient, curves- types and factors affecting, grade compensation, super elevation.
	3rd	limits of Super elevation on curves, cant deficiency, negative cant, coning of wheel, tilting of rail.
14th	1st	Branching of Tracks, Points and crossings, Turn out- types, components, functions and inspection. Track junctions: crossovers, scissor cross over, diamond crossing, track triangle.
	2nd	Station -Purpose, requirement of railway station, important technical terms,
	3rd	types of railway station, factors affecting site selection for railway station.
15TH	1st	Station yard: Classification- Passenger, goods, locomotive and marshalling yards. Function & drawbacks of marshalling yards.
	2nd	Track Maintenance- Necessity, Classification, Tools required for track maintenance with their functions,
	3rd	Organisation of track maintenance, Duties of permanent way inspector, gangmate and key man.
Signature of the Faculty		

Discipline-Civil Engineering	Semester-3rd	Name of the teaching faculty:- Er.Laxmipriya Mohapatra
Subject:- Mechanics of Material (CEPC-205)	No. of days /per week class allotted:-3	Semester From Date:14/07/2025 to 15/11/2025
		No. of weeks-15
Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics
1st	1st	UNIT-I Centre of Gravity and Moment of Inertia Definition of centre of gravity -Centre of gravity of of Symmetrical shapes (solid / hollow square, rectangular, circular, I Sections)
	2nd	Definition of centre of gravity -Centre of gravity of of Symmetrical shapes (solid / hollow square, rectangular, circular, I Sections)
	3rd	Moment of inertia (M.I.): Definition, M.I. of plane lamina, Radius of gyration,
2nd	1st	M.I. of rectangle, square, circle, semicircle, quarter circle and triangle section (without derivations).
	2nd	M.I. of rectangle, square, circle, semicircle, quarter circle and triangle section (without derivations).
	3rd	M.I. of symmetrical and unsymmetrical I-section, Channel section,
3rd	1st	T-section, Angle section, Hollow sections and built up sections about centroidal axes and any other reference axis.
	2nd	Polar Moment of Inertia of solid circular sections.
	3rd	UNIT-II Simple Stresses and Strains Definition of rigid, elastic and plastic bodies, deformation of elastic body under various forces,
4th	1st	Definition of stress, strain, elasticity, Hook's law, Elastic limit, Modulus of elasticity.
	2nd	Type of Stresses-Normal, Direct, Bending and Shear and nature of stresses i.e. Tensile and Compressive stresses.
	3rd	Standard stress strain curve for mild steel bar under tension, Yield stress, Proof stress, Ultimate stress
5th	1st	Strain at various critical points, Percentage elongation and Factor of safety.
	2nd	Deformation of body due to axial force, forces applied at intermediate sections, Maximum and minimum stress induced, Composite section under axial loading.
	3rd	Concept of temperature stresses and strain, Stress and strain developed due to temperature variation in homogeneous simple bar (no composite section)
	1st	Longitudinal and lateral strain, Modulus of Rigidity, Poisson's ratio, Biaxial and tri-axial stresses

6th	2nd	volumetric strain, change in volume, Bulk modulus (Introduction only).
	3rd	Relation between modulus of elasticity, modulus of rigidity and bulk modulus (without derivation).
7th	1st	Principal stresses and strains: Occurrence of normal and tangential stresses - Concept of Principal stress and Principal Planes – major and minor principal stresses
	2nd	and their orientations – stresses on a given plane –shear and normal stress components on any inclined plane – Mohr’s circle and its use in solving problems on complex stresses - Numerical problems
	3rd	UNIT-III Shear Force and Bending Moment Types of supports, beams and loads.
8th	1st	Concept and definition of shear force and bending moment, Relation between load, shear force and bending moment (without derivation).
	2nd	Concept and definition of shear force and bending moment, Relation between load, shear force and bending moment (without derivation).
	3rd	Shear force and bending moment diagram for cantilever and simply supported beams subjected to point loads, uniformly distributed loads and couple (combination of any two types of loading), point of contra flexure.
9th	1st	Shear force and bending moment diagram for cantilever and simply supported beams subjected to point loads, uniformly distributed loads and couple (combination of any two types of loading), point of contra flexure.
	2nd	Shear force and bending moment diagram for cantilever and simply supported beams subjected to point loads, uniformly distributed loads and couple (combination of any two types of loading), point of contra flexure.
	3rd	UNIT-IV Bending and Shear Stresses in beams Concept and theory of pure bending, assumptions, flexural equation (without derivation),
10th	1st	bending stresses and their nature, bending stress distribution diagram.
	2nd	Concept of moment of resistance and simple numerical problems using flexural equation.
	3rd	Shear stress equation (without derivation),
11th	1st	relation between maximum and average shear stress for rectangular
	2nd	and circular section, shear stress distribution diagram.

	3rd	Shear stress distribution for square, rectangular, circle, hollow,
12th	1st	square, rectangular, circular, angle sections, channel section, I-section, T section
	2nd	Simple numerical problems based on shear equation.
	3rd	UNIT-V Columns Concept of compression member, short and long column, Effective length
13th	1st	Radius of gy- ration, Slenderness ratio, Types of end condition for columns, Buckling of axially loaded columns.
	2nd	Euler's theory, assumptions made in Euler's theory and its limitations.
	3rd	Application of Euler's equation to calculate buckling load.
14th	1st	Rankine's formula and its application to calculate crippling load.
	2nd	Concept of working load/safe load,
	3rd	design load and factor of safety.
15th	1st	Revision UNIT-I and II
	2nd	Revision UNIT-II and III
	3rd	Revision UNIT-IV
		 Signature of the Faculty

Discipline-Civil Engineering	Semestar- 3rd	Name Of the teaching Faculty: GF-1
Subject-Geotechnical Engineering (CEPC-209)	No. of Days/per week class allotted:3	Semestar From Date : 14/07/2025 To Date: 15/11/2025
		No. Of Weeks: 15
Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics
1st	1st	Chapter - 1 Overview of Geology and Geotechnical Engineering Introduction of Geology, Branches of Geology, Importance of Geology for civil engineering structure and composition of earth,
	2nd	Definition of a rock: Classification based on their genesis (mode of origin), formation. Classification and engineering uses of igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks.
	3rd	Importance of soil as construction material in Civil engineering structures and as foundation bed for structures. (Concepts only)
2nd	1st	Field application of geotechnical engineering for foundation design, pavement design, design of earth retaining structures, design of earthen dam.
	2nd	Chapter -2 Physical and Index Properties of Soil Soil as a three phase system, water content, determination of water content by oven drying method as per BIS code,
	3rd	void ratio, porosity and degree of saturation, density index.,air Content,Percentage of air voids,Relation between the parameters.
3rd	1st	Unit weight of soil mass – bulk unit weight, dry unit weight, unit weight of solids, saturated unit weight, submerged unit weight.
	2nd	Determination of bulk unit weight and dry unit weight by core cutter and sand replacement method, Determination of specific gravity by pycnometer.
	3rd	Consistency of soil, Atterberg limits of consistency: Liquid limit
4th	1st	Plastic limit and shrinkage limit. Plasticity index.
	2nd	Particle size distribution test and plotting of curve, Determination of effective diameter of soil, well graded and uniformly graded soils, BIS classification of soil.


	3rd	Chapter - 3 Permeability and Seepage Definition of permeability, Darcy's law of permeability, coefficient of permeability
5th	1st	Factors affecting permeability, determination of coefficient of permeability by constant head and falling head tests, simple problems to determine coefficient of permeability.
	2nd	Factors affecting permeability, determination of coefficient of permeability by constant head and falling head tests,
	3rd	Simple problems to determine coefficient of permeability.
6th	1st	Seepage through earthen structures, seepage velocity
	2nd	Seepage pressure, phreatic line,
	3rd	Flow lines, application of flow net,
7th	1st	Effective stress, quick Sand
	2nd	Chapter - 4 Compaction, Consolidation and stabilization of soil Concept of compaction, Standard and Modified proctor test as per IS code, Plotting of Compaction curve for determining: Optimum moisture content (OMC),
	3rd	Maximum dry density (MDD), Zero air voids line.
8th	1st	Factors affecting compaction, field methods of compaction – rolling, ramming and vibration.
	2nd	Consolidation, Difference between compaction and consolidation.
	3rd	Terzaghi's Model analogy of compression/springs showing the process of consolidation, Field implications
9th	1st	Concept of soil stabilization, necessity of soil stabilization, different methods of soil stabilization. California bearing ratio (CBR) test - Meaning and Utilization in Pavement Construction
	2nd	Necessity of site investigation and soil exploration: Types of exploration, criteria for deciding the location and number of test pits and bores. Field identification of soil – dry

	3rd	Necessity of site investigation and soil exploration: Types of exploration, criteria for deciding the location and number of test pits and bores. Field identification of soil – dry
10th	1st	strength test, dilatancy test and toughness test.
	2nd	Chapter - 5 Shear Strength of Soil Shear failure of soil-General, local and punching shear,
	3rd	Concept of shear strength of soil.
11th	1st	Components of shearing resistance of soil – cohesion,
	2nd	Internal friction. Mohr-Coulomb failure theory,
	3rd	Strength envelope, strength equation for purely cohesive and cohesion less soils.
12th	1st	Direct shear, triaxial and vane shear test laboratory methods.
	2nd	Chapter - 6 Bearing Capacity of Soil and Foundation Bearing capacity and theory of earth pressure.
	3rd	Concept of bearing capacity, ultimate bearing capacity, safe bearing capacity and allowable bearing pressure.
13th	1st	Introduction to Terzaghi's analysis and assumptions,
	2nd	Effect of water table on bearing capacity.
	3rd	Field methods for determination of bearing capacity – Plate load and Standard Penetration Test. Test procedures as per IS:1888 & IS:2131.
14th	1st	Field methods for determination of bearing capacity – Plate load and Standard Penetration Test. Test procedures as per IS:1888 & IS:2131.
	2nd	Definition of earth pressure, Active and Passive earth pressure for no surcharge condition,
	3rd	Coefficient of earth pressure,
15th	1st	Rankine's theory and assumptions made for non-cohesive Soils.
	2nd	Type of foundations-shallow, deep foundation
	3rd	Type of foundations-shallow, deep foundation

Signature of The Faculty

Discipline-Civil Engineering	Semestar- 3rd	Name Of the teaching Faculty: Pramila Kumari Gouda
Subject-Building Material & Concrete Technology (CEPC-207)	No. of Days/per week class allotted:3	Semestar From Date : 14/07/2025 To Date: 15/11/2025
		No. Of Weeks: 15
Week	Class Day	Theory/Practical Topics
1st	1st	Chapter - 1 Overview of Construction Materials Scope of construction materials in Building Construction, Transportation Engineering, Environmental Engineering, and Irrigation Engineering (applications only).
	2nd	Selection of materials for different civil engineering structures on the basis of strength, durability, Eco friendly and economy. Broad classification of materials –, Natural, Artificial, special, finishing and recycled.
	3rd	Chapter - 2 Natural Construction Materials Requirements of good building stone; general characteristics of stone; quarrying and dressing methods and tools for stone.
2nd	1st	Structure of timber, general properties and uses of good timber, different methods of seasoning for preservation of timber, defects in timber, use of bamboo in construction.
	2nd	Asphalt, bitumen and tar used in construction, properties and uses. Properties of lime, its types and uses.
	3rd	Types of soil and its suitability in construction. Properties of sand and uses. Classification of coarse aggregate according to size
3rd	1st	Chapter - 3 Artificial Construction Materials Constituents of brick earth, Conventional / Traditional bricks, Modular and Standard bricks, Special bricks –fly ash bricks, Characteristics of good brick, Field tests on Bricks, Classification of burnt clay bricks and their suitability,
	2nd	Manufacturing process of burnt clay brick, fly ash bricks, Aerated concrete blocks.
	3rd	Flooring tiles – Types, uses. Pre-cast concrete blocks- hollow, solid, pavement blocks, and their uses.
4th	1st	Types of glass: soda lime glass, lead glass and borosilicate glass and their uses.
	2nd	Ferrous and non-ferrous metals and their uses.
	3rd	Chapter - 4 Cement, Aggregates , Water and Admixture Composition of Cement. Manufacturing process of Cement – dry and wet (only flow chart), types of cement and its uses. Field tests on cement.
5th	1st	Physical properties of OPC and PPC: fineness, standard consistency, setting time, soundness, compressive strength. Different grades of OPC and relevant BIS codes.

	2nd	Testing of cement: Laboratory tests-fineness, standard consistency,
	3rd	setting time, soundness, compressive strength.
6th	1st	Storage of cement and effect of storage on properties of cement.
	2nd	BIS Specifications and field applications of different types of cements: Rapid hardening, Lowheat, Portland pozzolana, Sulphate resisting, Blast furnace slag, High Alumina and White cement.
	3rd	Aggregates: Requirements of good aggregate, Classification according to size and shape.
7th	1st	Fine aggregates: Properties, size, specific gravity, bulk density, water absorption and bulking, fineness modulus and grading zone of sand, silt content and their specification as per IS 383. Concept of crushed Sand.
	2nd	Coarse aggregates: Properties, size, shape, surface texture, water absorption, soundness, specific gravity and bulk density, fineness modulus of coarse aggregate, grading of coarse aggregates, crushing value,
	3rd	Impact value and abrasion value of coarse aggregates with specifications.
8th	1st	Water: Quality of water, impurities in mixing water and permissible limits for solids as per IS: 456.
	2nd	Admixtures in concrete: Purpose, properties and application for different types of admixtures such as accelerating admixtures, retarding admixtures, water reducing admixtures, air entraining admixtures and super plasticizers. (concepts only)
	3rd	Admixtures in concrete: Purpose, properties and application for different types of admixtures such as accelerating admixtures, retarding admixtures, water reducing admixtures, air entraining admixtures and super plasticizers. (concepts only)
9th	1st	Chapter - 5 Concrete Concrete: Different grades of concrete, provisions of IS 456 (Latest). Duff Abraham water cement (w/c) ratio law, significance of w/c ratio, selection of w/c ratio for different grades,
	2nd	maximum w/c ratio for different grades of concrete for different exposure conditions as per IS 456.
	3rd	Properties of fresh concrete: Workability: Factors affecting workability of concrete.
10th	1st	Determination of workability of concrete by slump cone, compaction factor, Vee-Bee Consistometer.
	2nd	Value of workability requirement for different types of concrete works. Segregation, bleeding and preventive measures.

	3rd	Properties of Hardened concrete: Strength, Durability, Impermeability.
11th	1st	Chapter - 6 Concrete Mix Design and Testing of Concrete Concrete mix design: Objectives, methods of mix design,
	2nd	study of mix design as per IS 10262 (only procedural steps).
	3rd	Non- destructive testing of concrete: Rebound hammer test, working principle of rebound hammer and factor affecting the rebound index
12th	1st	Ultrasonic pulse velocity test as per IS13311 (part 1 and 2),
	2nd	Importance of NDT tests.
	3rd	Chapter - 7 Quality Control of Concrete Concreting Operations: Batching, Mixing, Transportation, Placing
13th	1st	Compaction, Curing and Finishing of concrete.
	2nd	Forms for concreting: Different types of form works for beams, slabs, columns, materials used for form work, requirement of good form work. Stripping time for removal of form works per IS 456.
	3rd	Waterproofing: Importance and need of waterproofing, methods of waterproofing and materials used for waterproofing.
14th	1st	Joints in concrete construction: Types of joints, methods for joining old and new concrete, materials used for filling joints.
	2nd	Chapter - 8 Special Concrete and Extreme Weather concreting Special Concrete: Properties, advantages and limitation of following types of Special concrete: Ready mix Concrete
	3rd	Fiber Reinforced Concrete, High performance Concrete,
15th	1st	Self-compacting concrete and light weight concrete.
	2nd	Cold weather concreting: effect of cold weather on concrete, precautions to be taken while concreting in cold weather condition. (only concepts)
	3rd	Hot weather concreting: effect of hot weather on concrete, precautions to be taken while concreting in hot weather condition. (only concepts)
 Signature of The Faculty		

Discipline-Civil Engineering	Semestar- 3rd	Name Of the teaching Faculty: M.R Nayak
Subject- Transportation Engineering Lab	No. of Days/per week class allotted:4	Semestar From Date : 14/07/2025 To Date:15/11/2025
Week	Class Day (2 periods per day)	Theory/Practical Topics
1st	1st	Flakiness and Elongation Index of aggregates.
	2nd	Flakiness and Elongation Index of aggregates.
2nd	1st	Determination of Crushing strength, of Aggregates
	2nd	Determination of Crushing strength, of Aggregates
3rd	1st	Determination of Impact of Aggregates
	2nd	Determination of Impact of Aggregates
4th	1st	Determination of Abrasion value of Aggregates
	2nd	Determination of Abrasion value of Aggregates
5th	1st	Angularity Number of aggregates.
	2nd	Angularity Number of aggregates.
6th	1st	Softening point test of bitumen.
	2nd	Softening point test of bitumen.
7th	1st	Penetration test of bitumen.
	2nd	Penetration test of bitumen.
8th	1st	Flash and Fire Point test of bitumen.
	2nd	Flash and Fire Point test of bitumen.
9th	1st	Ductility test of Bitumen.
	2nd	Ductility test of Bitumen.
10th	1st	Determination of Viscosity of bitumen
	2nd	Determination of Viscosity of bitumen
11th	1st	Determination of bitumen content using centrifuging extractor.
	2nd	Determination of bitumen content using centrifuging extractor.
12th	1st	Determination of stability and flow of bitumen using Marshal stability apparatus.
	2nd	Determination of stability and flow of bitumen using Marshal stability apparatus.
13th	1st	Visit the constructed road for visual inspection to identify defects and suggest remedial measures.
	2nd	Visit the constructed road for visual inspection to identify defects and suggest remedial measures.
14th	1st	Visit the road of any one type (flexible or rigid) to know the drainage condition.
	2nd	Visit the road of any one type (flexible or rigid) to know the drainage condition.
15th	1st	CBR Test of aggregates
	2nd	CBR Test of aggregates

Discipline-Civil Engineering	Semestar- 3rd	Name Of the teaching Faculty: L.M & GF-1
Subject- Mechanics of Material Lab	No. of Days/per week class allotted:4	Semestar From Date : 14/07/2025 To Date:15/11/2025
Week	Class Day (2 periods per day)	Theory/Practical Topics
1st	1st	Study and understand the use and components of Universal Testing Machine (UTM).
	2nd	Study and understand the use and components of Universal Testing Machine (UTM).
2nd	1st	Perform Tension test on mild steel as per IS:432(1) and bend rebend test on mild steel
	2nd	Perform Tension test on mild steel as per IS:432(1) and bend rebend test on mild steel
3rd	1st	Perform tension test on Tor steel as per IS:1608, IS:1139 and bend -rebend test on Tor Steel
	2nd	Perform tension test on Tor steel as per IS:1608, IS:1139 and bend -rebend test on Tor Steel
4th	1st	Conduct compression test on Concrete cube using Compression Testing Machine.
	2nd	Conduct compression test on Concrete cube using Compression Testing Machine.
5th	1st	Conduct Izod Impact test on three metals. e.g. mild steel/ brass/aluminum/ copper /castiron etc. as per IS:1598.
	2nd	Conduct Izod Impact test on three metals. e.g. mild steel/ brass/aluminum/ copper /castiron etc. as per IS:1598.
6th	1st	Conduct Izod Impact test on three metals. e.g. mild steel/ brass/aluminum/ copper /castiron etc. as per IS:1598.
	2nd	Conduct Izod Impact test on three metals. e.g. mild steel/ brass/aluminum/ copper /castiron etc. as per IS:1598.
7th	1st	Conduct Charpy Impact test on three metals. e.g. mild steel/ brass/aluminum/ copper /castiron etc. as per IS:1757.
	2nd	Conduct Charpy Impact test on three metals. e.g. mild steel/ brass/aluminum/ copper /castiron etc. as per IS:1757.
8th	1st	Conduct Charpy Impact test on three metals. e.g. mild steel/ brass/aluminum/ copper /castiron etc. as per IS:1757.

	2nd	Conduct Charpy Impact test on three metals. e.g. mild steel/ brass/aluminum/ copper /castiron etc. as per IS:1757.
9th	1st	Determine Water Absorption on bricks per IS:3495 (part II), IS:1077 or tile IS:1237.
	2nd	Determine Water Absorption on bricks per IS:3495 (part II), IS:1077 or tile IS:1237.
10th	1st	Determine Compressive strength of dry and wet bricks as per IS:3495(part I), IS:1077.
	2nd	Determine Compressive strength of dry and wet bricks as per IS:3495(part I), IS:1077.
11th	1st	Determine Compressive strength of dry and wet bricks as per IS:3495(part I), IS:1077.
	2nd	Determine Compressive strength of dry and wet bricks as per IS:3495(part I), IS:1077.
12th	1st	Conduct Flexural test on concrete beam on rectangular section as per Indian Standards.
	2nd	Conduct Flexural test on concrete beam on rectangular section as per Indian Standards.
13th	1st	Abrasion test of floor tiles
	2nd	Abrasion test of floor tiles
14th	1st	Flexural test of floor tiles/roof tile
	2nd	Flexural test of floor tiles/roof tile
15th	1st	Flexural test of floor tiles/roof tile
	2nd	Flexural test of floor tiles/roof tile

Laxmipriya Mohapatra

Signature of the Faculty

Discipline-Civil Engineering	Semestar- 3rd	Name Of the teaching Faculty: GF-1
Subject- Geotechnical Engineering Lab	No. of Days/per week class allotted:4	Semestar From Date : 14/07/2025 To Date:15/11/2025
Week	Class Day (2 periods per day)	Theory/Practical Topics
1st	1st	Determine water content of given soil sample by oven drying method as per IS: 2720 (Part-II).
	2nd	Determine water content of given soil sample by oven drying method as per IS: 2720 (Part-II).
2nd	1st	Determine specific gravity of soil by pycnometer method as per IS 2720 (Part- III).
	2nd	Determine specific gravity of soil by pycnometer method as per IS 2720 (Part- III).
3rd	1st	Determine dry unit weight of soil in field by core cutter method as per IS 2720 (Part- XXIX).
	2nd	Determine dry unit weight of soil in field by core cutter method as per IS 2720 (Part- XXIX).
4th	1st	Determine dry unit weight of soil in field by sand replacement method as per IS 2720 (Part-XXVIII).
	2nd	Determine dry unit weight of soil in field by sand replacement method as per IS 2720 (Part-XXVIII).
5th	1st	Determine Plastic and Liquid Limit along with Plasticity Index of given soil sample as per IS 2720 (Part- V).
	2nd	Determine Plastic and Liquid Limit along with Plasticity Index of given soil sample as per IS 2720 (Part- V).
6th	1st	Determine Plastic and Liquid Limit along with Plasticity Index of given soil sample as per IS 2720 (Part- V).
	2nd	Determine Plastic and Liquid Limit along with Plasticity Index of given soil sample as per IS 2720 (Part- V).
7th	1st	Determine Shrinkage limit of given soil sample as per IS 2720 (Part- V).
	2nd	Determine Shrinkage limit of given soil sample as per IS 2720 (Part- V).
8th	1st	Determine grain size distribution of given soil sample by mechanical sieve analysis as per IS2720 (Part- IV).
	2nd	Determine grain size distribution of given soil sample by mechanical sieve analysis as per IS2720 (Part- IV).
9th	1st	Use different types of soil to identify and classify soil by conducting field tests- through Visual inspection, Dry strength test, Dilatancy test and Toughness test.

	2nd	Use different types of soil to identify and classify soil by conducting field tests- through Visual inspection, Dry strength test, Dilatancy test and Toughness test.
10th	1st	Determine coefficient of permeability by constant head test as per IS 2720 (Part- XVII).
	2nd	Determine coefficient of permeability by constant head test as per IS 2720 (Part- XVII).
11th	1st	Determine coefficient of permeability by falling head test as per IS 2720 (Part-XVII).
	2nd	Determine coefficient of permeability by falling head test as per IS 2720 (Part-XVII).
12th	1st	Determine shear strength of soil by direct shear test as per IS 2720 (Part-XIII).
	2nd	Determine shear strength of soil by direct shear test as per IS 2720 (Part-XIII).
13th	1st	Determine shear strength of soil by vane shear and triaxial shear test as per IS 2720 (Part-XXX).
	2nd	Determine shear strength of soil by vane shear and triaxial shear test as per IS 2720 (Part-XXX).
14th	1st	Determine MDD and OMC by standard proctor test and modified proctor test of given soil sample as per IS 2720 (Part-VII).
	2nd	Determine MDD and OMC by standard proctor test and modified proctor test of given soil sample as per IS 2720 (Part-VII).
15th	1st	Determination of CBR value on the field as per IS2720 (Part - XVI).
	2nd	Determination of CBR value on the field as per IS2720 (Part - XVI).
Signature of the Faculty		

Discipline-Civil Engineering	Semestar- 3rd	Name Of the teaching Faculty: Er. Pramila Kumari Gouda
Subject- Geotechnical Engineering Lab	No. of Days/per week class allotted:4	Semestar From Date : 14/07/2025 To Date:15/11/2025
Week	Class Day (2 periods per day)	Theory/Practical Topics
1st	1st	Identify various sizes of available coarse aggregates from sample of 10 kg in laboratory and prepare report (60,40, 20,10 mm)
	2nd	Identify various sizes of available coarse aggregates from sample of 10 kg in laboratory and prepare report (60,40, 20,10 mm)
2nd	1st	Identify various layers and types of soil in foundation pit by visiting at least 3 construction sites in different locations of city and prepare report consisting photographs and samples.
	2nd	Identify various layers and types of soil in foundation pit by visiting at least 3 construction sites in different locations of city and prepare report consisting photographs and samples.
3rd	1st	Select first class, second class and third-class bricks from the stake of bricks and prepare report based on its properties.
	2nd	Select first class, second class and third-class bricks from the stake of bricks and prepare report based on its properties.
4th	1st	Measure dimensions of 10 bricks and find average dimension and weight. Perform field tests - dropping, striking and scratching by nail and correlate the results obtained.
	2nd	Identify different types of flooring tiles such as vitrified tiles, ceramic tiles, glazed tiles, mosaic tiles, anti- skid tiles, chequered tiles, paving blocks and prepare report about the specifications.
5th	1st	Apply two or more coats of selected paint on the prepared base of a given wall surface for the area of 1m x 1m using suitable brush/rollers adopting safe practices.
	2nd	Prepare the cement mortar of proportion 1:3 or 1:6 using cement and sand only.
6th	1st	Determine fineness of cement by Blaine's air permeability apparatus Or by sieving.
	2nd	Determine fineness of cement by Blaine's air permeability apparatus Or by sieving.

7th	1st	Determine specific gravity, standard consistency, initial and final setting times of cement
	2nd	Determine specific gravity, standard consistency, initial and final setting times of cement
8th	1st	Determine compressive strength of cement.
	2nd	Determine bulking of sand. and Determine bulk density of fine and coarse aggregates.
9th	1st	Determine bulking of sand. and Determine bulk density of fine and coarse aggregates.
	2nd	Determine water absorption of fine and coarse aggregates.
10th	1st	Determine water absorption of fine and coarse aggregates.
	2nd	Determine Fineness modulus of fine aggregate by sieve analysis.
11th	1st	Determine Fineness modulus of fine aggregate by sieve analysis.
	2nd	Determine workability of concrete by slump cone test.
12th	1st	Determine workability of concrete by slump cone test.
	2nd	Determine workability of concrete by compaction factor test.
13th	1st	Determine workability of concrete by compaction factor test.
	2nd	To prepare concrete mix of a particular grade as per IS 10262:2019 and determine compressive strength of
14th	1st	To prepare concrete mix of a particular grade as per IS 10262:2019 and determine compressive strength of Concrete for 7 and 28 days.
	2nd	To prepare concrete mix of a particular grade as per IS 10262:2019 and determine compressive strength of Concrete for 7 and 28 days.
15th	1st	Demonstration of NDT equipment
	2nd	Demonstration of NDT equipment



Signature of the Faculty